

elytra more or less ferruginous. The ochreous lateral patches on the pronotum often have a short dark marginal streak. Differs from *P. perbosci* (which also is without a well-defined carina between the eyes) in the rounded anterior angles of the pronotum, the larger ochreous patches at its sides, the less distinctly spotted margins of the elytra, and the smaller size; and from the Palæarctic *P. marginatus*, Latr., in the anteriorly narrowed pronotum, the narrower head, the non-carinate face, the black labrum, &c.

3. *Pelogonus viridifrons*, n. sp. (Tab. XX. fig. 14, ♂.)

Broad ovate, black; the head from the ocelli forwards shining and of a brilliant metallic-green colour, the rest of the surface opaque; the labrum and antennæ, the sides of the pronotum narrowly, except at the lateral angles, the outer margin of the corium, the rostrum, some marks on the pleura, and the coxæ, ochreous, the basal margin of the pronotum and the claval suture inclining to ferruginous, the pronotum, scutellum, and elytra also with some irregular bluish-grey markings; the legs infusate, with the base of the femora ochreous, in one specimen almost entirely ochreous; the upper surface with very minute scattered golden scales, the under surface with a bluish-grey pruinosity, the abdomen and legs with a bluish-white pubescence. Face densely, irregularly rugulose, carinate between the eyes; the latter large, very prominent in the male, less so in the female. Pronotum, scutellum, and elytra sparsely, distinctly punctate; pronotum short, nearly twice as wide at the base as at the apex, the sides somewhat rounded and rapidly converging from the base, the anterior angles completely effaced, the lateral angles subacute and projecting a little beyond the elytra; elytra widening to near the middle; nervures of the membrane indistinct. Fifth ventral segment carinate down the centre in the male.

Length $4\frac{1}{4}$ – $5\frac{1}{2}$, breadth $2\frac{1}{2}$ – $3\frac{1}{10}$ millim. (♂ ♀.)

Hab. GUATEMALA, Rio Naranjo, San Gerónimo (*Champion*).

A male from Rio Naranjo and a female from San Gerónimo, the latter much the larger of the two, and with the legs almost entirely pale. The ochreous lateral streaks on the pronotum become, as usual, a little wider forwards.

4. *Pelogonus acutangulus*, n. sp. (Tab. XX. figg. 15, 15 a, ♀.)

♀. Broad ovate, flattened above, much narrowed behind, black; the head from the ocelli forwards shining, and of a brilliant metallic-green colour in front, changing to cupreous between the eyes, the rest of the surface opaque; the labrum, the two basal joints of the antennæ, the rostrum, the sides of the pronotum narrowly, except at the lateral angles, the outer margin of the corium, some marks on the pleura, and the coxæ, ochreous, the basal margin of the pronotum ferruginous, the elytra with indications of the usual bluish-grey markings; the under surface with a bluish-grey pruinosity, the legs and abdomen with a bluish-white pubescence; the legs infusate, the femora beneath and at the base ochreous. Head punctured behind the ocelli, the face densely, irregularly rugulose in front, the interocular space carinate down the middle and almost smooth; eyes comparatively small, not prominent. Pronotum, scutellum, and elytra very distinctly punctured; pronotum short, about twice as wide at the base as at the apex, the sides straight, the anterior angles completely effaced, the lateral angles acute and projecting beyond the elytra; elytra narrowing from a little below the base; nervures of the membrane prominent. Legs long and slender.

Length $5\frac{1}{8}$, breadth $2\frac{4}{5}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Rio Naranjo (*Champion*).

One specimen, from the banks of the River Naranjo, in the "tierra caliente" of the Pacific coast region. Easily separable from its allies by the acute lateral angles of the pronotum, the almost smooth interocular portion of the head, and the posteriorly narrowed elytra.