

I have no precise localities for the two specimens of this species. The one from Guatemala formed part of a collection of Rhynchota purchased from Mr. Janson some years since, and that from Panama was procured from M. Boucard.

4. **Enchophora florens**, n. sp. (Tab. IV. figg. 12, 12 *a*, 12 *b*.)

Enchophora sanguinea, var. ?

This species is closely allied to *E. sanguinea*; it principally differs by the colour and pattern of the tegmina, which are either wholly pale greenish or olivaceous (as in the specimen figured) or spotted with reddish-ochraceous. In other respects it resembles the preceding species, and I have been unable to find any good structural differential characters.

Long. excl. tegm. 18 to 21 millim., exp. tegm. 42 to 45 millim.

Hab. NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Janson*); COSTA RICA, Cache (*Rogers*).

An allied species is found in Colombia*.

5. **Enchophora subviridis**, n. sp. (Tab. IV. figg. 17, 17 *a*, 17 *b*.)

Head and pronotum olivaceous; mesonotum brownish-olivaceous; eyes very pale castaneous. Tegmina pale olivaceous, the apical area somewhat brownish, minutely spotted with greyish. Wings ochraceous, with a bronzy hue, the apex and outer margins broadly fuscous. Abdomen above fuscous, beneath sanguineous. Head and thorax beneath and the legs olivaceous.

The central pronotal carina is similar to that in *E. sanguinea* and *E. florens*, and, as in these species, reaches the posterior margin; but the rostrum is longer and about reaches the terminal segment.

Long. excl. tegm. 19 to 20 millim., exp. tegm. 42 to 47 millim.

Hab. PANAMA (*Boucard*), Bugaba (*Champion*), Chiriqui (*Arcé*).

Var. *a*. (Tab. IV. figg. 15, 15 *a*, 15 *b*.)

All the olivaceous coloration replaced by bronzy-ochraceous or pale brownish.

Hab. PANAMA, Chiriqui (*Ribbe*, *Mus. Vind. Cæs.*).

COANACO, gen. nov.

This genus is allied to *Enchophora*, from which it differs by the absence of the strongly raised central thoracic carina and by the broader pronotum; the lateral and grooved margins of the pronotum attain to almost the centre of the eyes, and are not distinctly posterior to and separated from the eyes as in *Enchophora*.

Two species are here enumerated, one of which (*C. guttata*, White) is taken as typical of the genus. White evidently saw the generic distinctness of his species, as he appended to his description the remark "seems to form a connecting-link between *Enchophora* and *Aphana*."

* **Enchophora longirostris**, n. sp.

Resembling *E. florens*, but the tegmina pale greenish-grey, mottled with a few irregular shadings or spots of pale olivaceous. Other colour-markings generally as in *E. florens*, but the rostrum reaching the base of the anal appendage.

Dimensions as in *E. florens*.

Hab. COLOMBIA.