

6. **Bolbonota inæqualis.** (Tab. II. figg. 7, 7 a.)

Bolbonota inæqualis, Fairm. Ann. Soc. Ent. Fr. sér. 2, iv. p. 259¹.

Hab. PANAMA, Taboga I. (*Champion*).—BRAZIL¹.

The single specimen (♂) from Taboga I. in our collection is more strongly sculptured and more shining than any of those from Brazil in the Belgian Museum, which are the only ones I have seen, and it may belong to a separate species; it is, however, very closely allied to *B. inæqualis* in the general form, the shape of the dorsal ridge of the pronotum, and the peculiar colouring of the tegmina (which are entirely hyaline, with the exception of the base and the veins), and can hardly be described as distinct on a single specimen. It is also allied to *B. pusio* in the colour of the tegmina; but the latter insect differs from *B. inæqualis* in having the thorax rather longer and less broad proportionately in front, and the ridge of the dorsum not tuberculate.

B. corrugata and *B. inæqualis* belong to Dr. Goding's subgenus *Tubercunota*; all the others above noticed must be referred to *Bolbonota* proper.

BOLBONOTODES, gen. nov.

Genus *Bolbonotæ* affine; capite longo, antice rotundato, metopidio irregulariter rugose carinato, a latere viso fere recto, dorso supra viso maxime inæquali, sed carinâ dorsali a latere visâ fere rectâ ante apicem abrupte declivi, apice breviter mucronato; tegminibus areis apicalibus quinque, discoidalibus quatuor, alis areis apicalibus quinque, instructis; pedibus anticis intermediisque valde dilatatis.

Allied to *Bolbonota*, but larger, with the whole upper surface very uneven and rugosely carinate, especially in front; the tegmina have five apical and four discoidal areas and the wings have five apical areas—in *Bolbonota* the numbers are five, two, and four respectively; the dorsal ridge is straight and even if viewed from the side, but a little before the apex is abruptly and almost perpendicularly declivous, the apex itself being short and mucronate.

1. **Bolbonotodes ganglbaueri**, sp. n. (Tab. II. figg. 8, 8 a, 8 b.)

Brunneo-testacea, spatiis quibusdam depressis obscuris; pronoto maxime inæquali, sat fortiter remotius punctato; carinâ dorsali integrâ, utrinque carinâ semicirculari hanc tangenti, et etiam carinâ laterali instructâ, his antice ad carinam centram conjunctis, apice acuto, fusco; præterea carinis quibusdam et depressionibus irregularibus; tegminibus variegatis, margine ad partem albido; pedibus abdomineque fuscis, tarsis dilutioribus.

Testaceous or brownish testaceous, with the depressions on the prothorax, which is very uneven and rugosely carinate, darker, of a brownish-black colour; the central carina is complete and, if viewed from above, forms a small point over the metopidium, which, if viewed from the side, is almost straight; on either side of the central carina is a semicircular carina with the circular parts opposed and meeting at the central carina, the ends joining two lateral carinæ which are continued and meet in front; between these carinæ are deep depressions; tegmina testaceous, variegated with whitish and blackish patches, and with the edge partly whitish hyaline; legs and abdomen fuscous, tarsi lighter.

Long. 6 millim.; lat. int. hum. 4 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Orizaba (*Bilimek*, in *Mus. Vind. Cæs.*).