

17. *Aconophora ferruginea*, sp. n. (Tab. V. figg. 16, 16 a.)

Minor, capite nigro, pronoto ferrugineo, fortiter densius punctato, cornu nigro vel nigro-piceo, hoc sat longo, apice nonnihil dilatato, humeris prominulis, lateribus ante apicem late sinuatis, apice ipso brevi; tegminibus fuscis vel fusco-nigris ad apicem dilutioribus, sed vix pellucidis; pedibus totis ferrugineis; corpore subtus plerumque ferrugineo.

A small species, with the head black and the pronotum entirely ferruginous, strongly and closely punctured, the punctures on the sides being larger than those in front and towards the apex; the horn is rather long, pitchy, with the apex slightly dilated; shoulders rather prominent; sides of the pronotum broadly sinuate before the apex, which is short and comparatively obtuse; tegmina fuscous, lighter at the apex; legs entirely ferruginous; abdomen ferruginous, rather darker in the centre.

Long. 8 millim.; ab humeris ad apicem cornus $3\frac{1}{2}$ millim.; lat. int. hum. $2\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. MEXICO (coll. Signoret); PANAMA, Bugaba (*Champion*).

Four specimens. This species is closely allied to *A. prunitia*, Butl. (= *A. hastata*, Stål), from which it may at once be known by its coarse punctuation and differently-shaped pronotal horn. The specimen in Signoret's collection named *A. nigra* must be referred to *A. ferruginea*.

We figure a specimen from Bugaba.

18. *Aconophora disparicornis*, sp. n. (Tab. V. figg. 17, 17 a, ♂.)

Quoad formam staturamque *A. ferrugineae* affinis, sed paullo latior et magis nitida, pronoto densius et subtilius punctato, fusco-testaceo, cornu maris brevissimo.

Mas: cornu pronoti brevissimo, crassiori.

Femina: cornu pronoti modico, longiori et tenuiori.

Of a fusco-testaceous colour, with the head, the tip of the pronotal horn, and the underside dark; pronotum closely and comparatively finely punctured, but in this point somewhat variable, with the shoulders somewhat prominent, and the horn very short in the male, slender and of moderate length in the female; tegmina hyaline, darker towards the base; legs testaceous or fusco-testaceous, with the femora, as a rule, more or less infuscate.

♂. Long. 6-7 millim.; ab humeris ad apicem cornus 2 millim.; lat. int. hum. 3 millim.

♀. Long. 7-8 millim.; ab humeris ad apicem cornus 4 millim.; lat. int. hum. 3 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui 2500 to 4000 feet (*Champion*).

A male specimen is figured.

19. *Aconophora fusiformis*, sp. n. (Tab. V. figg. 18, 18 a, ♂; 19, ♀.)

Elongata, nitida, brunnea, plus minusve fusiformis, capite infuscato; pronoto sat fortiter punctato, cornu brevi recto obtuso, apice ultra apicem corporis producto supra viso brevi haud acuto; tegminibus hyalinis ad basin brunneis, venis fuscis vel brunneis.

Mas multo angustior, magis fusiformis, fere totus brunneus, metopidio ad latera testaceo excepto; pedibus fere totis fusco-testaceis.

Femina latior, minus fusiformis, pronoto pone cornu late testaceo; pedibus fuscis, genibus rufis.

Elongate, shining, male narrow and strongly fusiform, almost entirely brown, except at the sides of the metopidium, female broader, testaceous behind the horn for about half of its length; pronotum slightly raised and rounded on the disc, strongly punctured, with a short straight horn, which is blunt if viewed from the side, but slightly tapers to the apex, and with the dorsal ridge very marked throughout; tegmina