

brown towards the base, with fuscous or brown veins; legs fusco-testaceous in the male, fuscous with the knees reddish in female.

♂. Long. $7\frac{1}{2}$ millim.; ab humeris ad apicem cornus 3 millim.; lat. int. hum. $2\frac{1}{3}$ millim.

♀. Long. 8 millim.; ab humeris ad apicem cornus 3 millim.; lat. int. hum. 3 millim.

Hab. PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

This species differs considerably from any other *Aconophora* I have seen. It is possible that the female described may not belong to the same species, but the general sculpture, shape of horn, &c. are the same.

20. *Aconophora sinanjensis*, sp. n. (Tab. V. figg. 20, 20 a, ♂; 21, ♀.)

A. fusiformis affinis, sed minor, minus nitida, pronoto densius et minus fortiter punctato, disco haud rotundato-elevato.

Allied to *A. fusiformis*, but considerably smaller, and with the pronotum much duller and more thickly and less strongly punctured; the horn is extremely short, and the disc is not raised and rounded. There are two specimens in our collection, a male and a female; the male is piceous, with the horn shorter than in the female, and with the tegmina dark, except at the apex of the costa and the interior third; the female is testaceous, with the head and tip of the horn dark, and the tegmina brownish, with testaceous veins; in both sexes the underside is piceous and the legs are fusco-testaceous, with the femora, the apex of the tibiae, and the tarsi more or less fuscous.

Long. 5-6 millim.; ab humeris ad apicem cornus $2-2\frac{1}{3}$ millim.; lat. int. hum. $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA, Sinanja in Vera Paz (*Champion*).

21. *Aconophora temaxia*, sp. n.

Elongata, dilute ferruginea, pronoto subtiliter punctato, pube sat longâ sparsim vestito, cornu pro magnitudine corporis elongato et crasso, plus minusve erecto; tegminibus hyalinis, basin versus supra subtusque punctatis; corpore subtus ferrugineo; pedibus totis dilute testaceis, tibiis anticis et intermediis distincte dilatatis.

Somewhat elongate, of a light ferruginous colour, with the pronotum thickly and finely punctured and sparingly pubescent; the horn is large and long, in proportion to the body, about as long as the rest of the pronotum, and somewhat stout, more or less erect; the shoulders are rather prominent and the apex blunt; tegmina light, hyaline, with the veins testaceous, and the base above and below testaceous and punctured; there are also two darker spots before and behind the middle, which are sometimes indistinct; underside ferruginous; legs entirely of a light testaceous colour, with the anterior and intermediate tibiae more dilated than is usually the case.

Long. cum tegm. 7 millim.; ab humeris ad apicem cornus $3\frac{1}{2}$ millim.; lat. int. hum. 3 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Temax in North Yucatan (*Gaumer*).

Three female examples. This species in general appearance, if viewed from above, is most like *A. femoralis*, but if viewed from the side the difference is at once apparent; it is, moreover, larger and broader, with the pronotal horn much larger and longer. Two of our specimens have the horn strongly erect, but in the third it is rather shorter and stouter and more depressed.

22. *Aconophora femoralis*. (Tab. V. figg. 22, 22 a-c.)

Aconophora femoralis, Stål, Kongl. Sv. Vet.-Ak. Handl. Band viii. 1, p. 35¹.