

II. Head very obtuse or rounded, if viewed from the side, never foliaceous.

i. Interstices of tegmina irrorated with darker or lighter spots.

1. Smaller species: length 8–9 mm. 37. *abjecta*; 38. *proscripta*; 39. *dohrni*; 40. *punctipennis*.

2. Larger species: length 10–15 mm. . . . . 41. *hebes*; 42. *decorata* \*.

ii. Interstices of tegmina not irrorated with darker or lighter spots.

1. Ocelli situated distinctly behind the front margin of the vertex.

A. Suture of tegmina more or less broadly marked with fuscous or reddish, sometimes with smaller dark spots near the margin; ocelli not approximate . . . . . 43. *vinula*; 44. *propior*; 45. *tergata*.

B. Tegmina with a few scattered and often more or less obscure dark spots or markings, or unicolorous . . . . . 46. *hieroglyphica*; 47. *notula*; 48. *bisignata*; 49. *reservanda*; 50. *bohemani*; 51. *præterita*; 52. *extranea*.

C. Tegmina decorated with whitish-yellow markings . . . . . 53. *exornata*.

D. Tegmina with the external margins variegated with white . 54. *wallengreni*; 55. *nana*.

2. Ocelli situated close behind or almost upon the front margin

of the vertex . . . . . 56. *celata*; 57. *resima*.

### 1. *Gypona germari*. (Tab. XX. figg. 2, 2 *a*, *b*, ♀; 3, ♂.)

*Gypona germari*, Stål, Stett. ent. Zeit. xxv. p. 84<sup>1</sup>.

*Hab.* MEXICO, Ciudad in Durango 8100 feet, and Presidio (*Forrer*), Omilteme, Xucumanatlan, and Chilpancingo in Guerrero, 4600 to 8000 feet, Cuernavaca in Morelos, Atoyac in Vera Cruz, Teapa in Tabasco (*H. H. Smith*), Vera Cruz (*Mus. Holm.*<sup>1</sup>), Orizaba (*Sallé*; *Godman*; *H. H. Smith*; *Bilimek*, in *Mus. Vind. Cæs.*), San Lorenzo (*Trujillo*); GUATEMALA, near the city and Capetillo (*Champion*); NICARAGUA, Chontales (*Janson*); PANAMA, Volcan de Chiriqui (*Champion*).

In the male of this species the last ventral segment is scarcely longer than the penultimate, subtruncate at the apex. In the female, which was apparently unknown to Stål and Spångberg, the last segment is emarginate in a larger or smaller arc. Stål says, “vittis pluribus verticis thoracisque necnon venis tegminum pallide flavescentibus”; but this character appears to be fugitive on the head and pronotum, owing to the fading of the colour of the insect after death; the veins of the tegmina are, however, usually distinctly marked by greenish or pale yellow lines.

There are three or four obscure, doubtful, or faded insects in our collection near *G. germari* which may very probably belong to new species, but they cannot be satisfactorily described from the examples before me. The specimen figured is from Cuernavaca.

\* *Gypona decorata* can hardly be said to have the interstices of the tegmina irrorated, but there are a number of smaller and larger markings upon them, and the insect cannot well be classed with the next section.