

To the material cited add:—MEXICO, San Luis Potosi (*Hoag, coll. P. P. C.*: 4 ♂, 3 ♀ + 3 pairs), Uruapan [3 ♂, 4 ♀ + 1 pair], Oaxaca [1 ♂] (*coll. Deam*).

The material previously enumerated for this species, *antea*, page 104, included only one pair (♂ *b*, ♀ *f*, Cuernavaca, October).

### ANISAGRION (p. 104).

The examination of perfect individuals of both sexes of *A. truncatipenne* furnishes the following additions to the Synopsis of Species, *antea*, p. 105:—

In rubric BB, substitute "Tenth abdominal segment and inferior appendages as above for *allopterum*," for "(Apex of abdomen lost)."

The characters assigned to females of *allopterum* will also apply to that sex of *truncatipenne*; the differences between these females are very slight:—

Size larger (abdomen 24–29, hind wing 17·5–20, costal edge of stigma of hind wing ·49–·64 mm.), 5 or more cells between stigma and wing-tip, costa and median vein . . . . .	<i>allopterum</i> .
Size smaller (abdomen 23–25·5, hind wing 15·5–17·5, costal edge of stigma of hind wing ·45–·49 mm.), 3 or 4 cells between stigma and wing-tip, costa and median vein . . . . .	<i>truncatipenne</i> .

### *Anisagrion allopterum* (p. 105).

To the localities given, add:—COSTA RICA, Camino de La Palma between Guadalupe and El Alto (*Biolley, coll. Kahl*: 2 ♂), San José (*Biolley, Tristan*: 8 ♂, 10 ♀), Juan Viñas (*Bruner, U. S. N. M.*: 1 ♂).

Var. ? *rubicundum* (p. 105).

To the localities given, add:—COSTA RICA, San José (*Biolley*: 2 ♂, 3 ♀).

Although I have not yet seen a series of specimens displaying a gradual change in colours from *rubicundum* to *allopterum*, all specimens of the former are evidently young, of the latter old; the differences represented by these two names are, in all probability, merely due to age, especially as a similar series of changes occurs in the following species.

### *Anisagrion truncatipenne* (p. 106). (Tab. X. fig. 46.)

♂ (previous description incomplete). In the youngest examples at hand (*a*), dorsum of abdominal segments 7–10 dark brown, remainder of body mostly pale brown or reddish. Later (*b*), 4–10 are dark brown, with a narrow, transverse, mid-dorsally-interrupted, basal yellow ring on 4–7, pale brown being still the prevailing colour on the remainder of the body. (*c*) A deeper brown next develops on the upper surface of the head, mid-dorsal thoracic region, and on abdominal segments 1–3. In a still later stage (*d*), the head is blackish superiorly, labrum and postocular spots pale blue, the latter bounded posteriorly by black; under surface of head, thorax, and abdomen pale yellow; a black mid-dorsal thoracic stripe, each half of which is slightly more than half as wide as the mesepisternum on which it lies, a pale blue antehumeral stripe occupying the remainder of each mesepisternum; mesepimera and metepisterna pale brown, a small black spot lying on the lower end of the mesepimeron and adjacent portion of mesinfra-