

[6. **Anaplecta major**, sp. n. (Tab. IV. fig. 6.)

♀. Species maxima generis, fusco-castanea; ore testaceo; antennis fuscis; ocellis nullis. Pronotum minutum, margine anteriore et posteriore subrectis, totum opacum, marginibus haud hyalinis; disco bisulcato, margine postico punctis impressis 2. Elytra elongata, apice rufescentia, venis prominulis; campo discoidali venis longitudinalibus 5. Alæ grandes, flavicantes, area costali et campo appendiculari flavo-aurantiis. Vena discoidalis valde furcata, ejus ramus anterior (v. humeralis) campum marginalem latum partim dividens. Pars marginalis flava, venis costalibus elongato-incrassatis; pars posterior campi marginalis hyalina, ante apicem desinens, per venulas transversas 4 divisa. Area medio-discoidalis latissima per venulas transversas 5-6 reticulata. Area ulnaris angusta, per venulas 2-3 divisa, vena media apice venulam obliquam anteriorem emittens. Campus appendicularis grandis, longior quam latior, parabolicus, tertiam partem longitudinis alæ efficiens. Pedes fuscii. (Femora anteriora et intermedia spinis 3.0, posteriora 2.0.) Abdomen supra sordide testaceum, marginibus fuscis; subtus fuscum, in medio pallidius. Lamina supra-analis transversa, rotundato-trapezina, testaceo-ciliata, Long. 10; elytr. 10, pronot. 3.2, latit. pronot. 4 millim.

Hab. PERU, Tarma.]

7. **Anaplecta otomia**, Sauss.

Anaplecta otomia, Sauss. Mélang. Orthopt. i. 2^e fasc. p. 58, t. 3. fig. 18* (♀) (1869); Miss. Scient. Mex., Orthopt. p. 18. 5.

Fusco-nigra vel fusco-castanea; antennis et abdomine fuscis. Caput fusco-nigrum. Pronotum margine postico transverso, marginibus lateralibus subopacis, in perlucidate fuscis. Elytra sat angusta, apice attenuata, venis longitudinalibus crassis, venis costalibus regularibus, circ. 10, apice incrassatis, ultimis clavatis. Alæ leviter fusco-fulvo-nebulosis, ad costam anguste infuscatæ, venis costalibus apice elongato-clavatis; area medio-discoidalis venulis transversis 3-4; campo appendiculari mediocri, basi vix angulato. Pedes fusco-testacei. Lamina supra-analis producta, parabolica, ultimum segmentum ventrale æquans; hoc parum compressum.

Long. 6.5; elytr. 6, pronot. 1.75, latit. pronot. 2.4 millim.

Hab. MEXICO.

A species very distinct on account of its dark colour and pale wings, and its pronotum having the lateral margins nearly opaque. The elytra are nearly of the type as those of *A. mexicana*, but less elongated.

8. **Anaplecta azteca**, Sauss.

Anaplecta azteca, Sauss. Miss. Scient. Mex., Orthopt. p. 17. 4 (♀ ♂), t. 1. figg. 10, 10 a (♂) (1870).

Statura mediocri, fusco-castanea; pedibus testaceis. Antennæ brunneæ. Caput testaceum, vitta frontali transversa, vertice et occipite fuscis. Pronotum perfecte ellipticum, disco fusco-nigro, prope basin macula obsoleta testacea vel flavida; marginibus lateralibus late pellucidis. Elytra margine costali anguste testaceo. Alæ totæ infuscatæ, margine costali ad venulas clavatas anguste flavido; area medio-discoidali venulis transversis 2; campo appendiculari acutiore, parabolico, æque longo ac lato, basi vix angulato. Abdomen fuscum, cercis fusco-testaceis. Lamina supra-analis transversa, brevis, margine arcuato, lamina infra-genitalis ♂ grandis, prominula, parabolica, plus minus testacea.

Long. 6.5; elytr. 5.8, pronot. 2, latit. pronot. 2.5 millim.

Hab. MEXICO, Eastern Cordillera, Orizaba, Rio Blanco.

* This figure is not satisfactory, the pronotum being too orbicular and too much separated from the elytra.