

in medio incisa.—♂. Elytra paulo longiora lamina supra-analis transversa, integra. Lamina infra-genitalis subtransversa, margine arcuato, stylis 2 minimis fuscis.

♀. Long. 7.5; elytr. 5, pronot. 2, latit. pronot. 3 millim.

♂. Long. 6.5; elytr. 5.6, pronot. 2, latit. pronot. 3 millim.

Hab. NORTH AMERICA, Georgia, Louisiana.

[This species will probably be found in North Mexico.]

PARACERATINOPTERA, Sauss.

Paraceratinoptera, Saussure, Rev. et Mag. de Zool. 1868, p. 358; Miss. Scient. Mex., Orthopt. p. 87.

1. *Paraceratinoptera nahua*, Sauss.

Paraceratinoptera nahua, Sauss. Rev. et Mag. de Zool. 1868, p. 357. 14 (♀ ♂); Miss. Scient. Mex., Orthopt. p. 87. 1, t. 1. fig. 30, t. 2. figg. 47, 47 E.

Hab. MEXICO (*Saussure*); GUATEMALA (*coll. Dohrn*).

2. *Paraceratinoptera dohrniana*, sp. n.

♂. Obscure testacea. Caput castaneum, ore et ocellis testaceis. Antennæ fuscae, apice rufescentes. Pronotum fusco-castaneum, corneum, impressionibus nullis; marginibus lateralibus deflexis, arcuatis; margine posteriore late transverso, subangulato; disci prope basin maculis 2 marginibusque lateralibus angustissime fulvis. Elytra abdomen superantia, rufo-castanea, venis obsoletis, apice membranacea ac pallidiora. Alæ subhyalinae, venis testaceis, venulis costalibus 7–8 elongato-clavatis, brunneis; vena ulnari tantum apice breviter furcata vel biramosa. Pedes obscure testacei. Femora antica subtus margine anteriore spinulis minimis piliformibus obsita, margine posteriore spina unica; femora reliqua in utroque margine spinosa. Abdomen testaceo-piceum. Lamina supra-analis trigonalis, leviter incisa. Cerci longiusculi, depressi, fusi-formes. Lamina infra-genitalis stylis 2 crassis instructa.—A *P. nahua* differt elytris et alis longioribus, sulco anali valde impresso.

Long. 9; elytr. 9, pronot. 2.75, latit. pronot. 3.5 millim.

Hab. GUATEMALA (*coll. Dohrn*).

ANISOPYGIA*, Sauss. (Tab. I. figg. 25, 26.)

Anisopygia, Saussure, Societas Entomologica, 1893, p. 57.

♂. Habitus et formæ generis *Ceratinopterae*. Antennæ crassiusculæ. Caput convexum, oculis valde remotis. Pronotum corneum, anterius et posterius truncatum, utrinque deflexum. Elytra cornea, abbreviata. Alæ minutæ. Segmentum dorsale ultimum valde sinuatum. Lamina supra-analis maxima, in partes 2 inæquales fere usque ad basin divisa, dextra rotundata, sinistra angustior, apice hebetata. Cerci mediocres, depressiusculi. Lamina infra-genitalis ♂ irregularis, stylis inæqualis instructa.—Feminæ ignotæ.

This remarkable genus may be known by the irregular anal segment, which has the dorsal plate very deeply divided into two large irregular lobes. We find a sort of transition to that anomaly in some species of *Blatta*, in which the end of the lamina supra-analis is notched in an irregular way, its angles forming two small unequal processes arched one against the other (*B. adpersicollis*, Stål).

* ἀνίσκος, unlike; πύγῃ, buttock.