

basally; prosternum without tubercle; lateral carinae well developed, considerably diverging posteriorly.

- e. Fastigium of the vertex acuminate, without longitudinal carina; tegmina considerably surpassing tip of abdomen, without regular transverse veins in discal area and on costal margin; antennæ with the basal joints depressed PAPAGO, Bruner.
- ee. Fastigium of the vertex somewhat obtuse, with longitudinal carina; tegmina but little surpassing tip of abdomen, with regular transverse veins in discal area and on costal margin; antennæ filiform, but little flattened basally SYRBULA, Stål.
- cc. Hind tibiæ armed with fewer spines on outer margin, rarely numbering as many as 15, usually only 10-12.
- d. Radial veins in apical third of wing (♂) normal, not constricted nor especially incrassate, the discoidal field not fenestrate.
- e. Head usually more or less conical, ascending, sometimes strongly; eyes generally prominent; upper portion of the frontal costa produced so that the front when seen laterally is more or less sinuate or angulately bent inward at the ocellus; wings usually banded or highly coloured. (ACROLOPHITI.)
- f. Head, when viewed laterally, strongly ascending; face below ocellus subperpendicular; antennæ more than half as long as the tegmina; metazona distinctly elevated above the prozona, tumid or crested.
- g. Metazona much longer than prozona, with an elevated but tumid crest ACROLOPHITUS, Thomas.
- gg. Metazona but little longer than prozona, tumid, but with only a slight carina ACROCARA, Scudder.
- ff. Head, when viewed from the side, with scarcely ascending vertex; face below ocellus distinctly though not greatly oblique; antennæ less than half as long as tegmina; metazona not or barely elevated above the prozona, feebly tumid at most.
- g. Antennæ much longer than the face; lower margin of lateral lobes of pronotum anteriorly excised, broadly exposing the pleura; basal half of tegmina rather densely reticulate, the intercalary vein obscure MACHÆROCERA, Saussure.
- gg. Antennæ shorter than the face; lower margin of lateral lobes of pronotum nearly horizontal throughout, scarcely exposing the pleura; only