

carinae of the pronotum farther apart and distinctly arcuate on the anterior lobe, less strongly divergent behind.

*f*¹. Larger. (♀: length 20–22 mm.) Variable in colour, but very often largely green. [Central America.] . . . 21. *costaricensis*, sp. n.

*f*². Smaller. (♀: length 16–18 mm.) Usually green, more or less varied with testaceous, purplish or brown, and black.

*g*¹. Pronotum short, the lateral carinae gently arcuate, the median carina cut a little back of the middle.

[Cordova, Mexico.] 19. *zapoteca*, Sauss.

*g*². Pronotum with the lateral carinae more decidedly arcuate; the median carina cut at the middle.

*h*¹. Lateral foveolæ of the vertex elongate-triangular, moderately deeply impressed. Disc of the pronotum narrowest at the first transverse sulcus.

[Mexico.] 17. *tepaneca*, Sauss.

*h*². Lateral foveolæ of the vertex linear, rather faint.

Disc of the pronotum narrowest at the second transverse sulcus. [Central America.] 20. *meridionalis*, sp. n.

*b*². Lateral carinae of the pronotum not arcuate, either straight throughout or parallel on the anterior lobe and more or less divergent on the posterior one.

*c*¹. Antennæ of the ♂ decidedly longer than the head and pronotum together, and more than ordinarily heavy.

*d*¹. Lateral carinae of the pronotum gently and evenly divergent posteriorly. Eyes prominent, elongate. Face strongly oblique 23. *prominula*, sp. n.

*d*². Lateral carinae of the pronotum divergent on the posterior lobe only. Eyes less prominent, subglobular. Face only moderately oblique 25. *robusta*, sp. n.

*c*². Antennæ of the ♂ shorter, seldom even equalling the combined length of the head and pronotum, not incrassate.

*d*¹. Larger. (♀: length 25 mm.) Antennæ filiform, those of the ♀ longer than the pronotum. [Cuba and Island of Pines.] [22. *scudder*i, Bol.]

*d*². Smaller. (♀: length 20–21 mm.) Antennæ very short, in the ♀ not longer than the pronotum. [Mexico.]

*e*¹. Fastigium of the vertex prominent and decidedly angulate, as long as broad.

*f*¹. Distal portion of the discoidal area of the tegmina of the ♀ finely and irregularly veined; antennæ subensiform . 15. *tolteca*, Sauss.

*f*². Distal portion of the discoidal area of the tegmina of the ♀ more regularly veined; antennæ with basal joints a little depressed. [Orizaba.] 18. *orizabæ*, McNeill.