

numerosa, petalis longiora, filamentis dilatatis. *Achenia* circiter 20, lævia, subrotunda, valde compressa leviter carinata.

NORTH MEXICO, region of San Luis Potosi, 6000 to 8000 feet (*Parry & Palmer*, 4). Hb. Kew.

This apparently undescribed species of *Ranunculus* is allied to *R. ophioglossifolius*, *pusillus*, &c., but differs in habit, torus, achenes, &c., and in the petals having a relatively longer claw.

21. ***Ranunculus trachyspermus***, Engelm. and Gray, Pl. Lindh. i. p. 3.

TEXAS.—NORTH MEXICO, Sonora (*Schott*). Hb. Kew.

22. ***Ranunculus tridentatus***, H. B. K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. v. p. 42.

SOUTH MEXICO, ditches, Comancipilla (*Hartweg*), Mexico (*Graham*, *Berlandier*, 452). Hb. Kew.

Var. β . Near Carpio at Lake San Cristobal (*Humboldt & Bonpland*).

COLOMBIA; PERU.

23. ***Ranunculus***, sp.

SOUTH MEXICO, valley of Mexico, Desierto Viejo (*Bourgeau*, 759). Hb. Kew.

24. ***Ranunculus***, sp. (? *R. repentis*, var.).

GUATEMALA, Volcan de Fuego (*Salvin*). Hb. Kew.

Tribe HELLEBOREÆ.

6. AQUILEGIA.

Aquilegia, Linn. Gen. Plant. n. 684; Benth. et Hook. Gen. Plant. i. p. 8.

Perennial herbs. A large number of forms have been described as species; but Bentham and Hooker (*l. c.*) think they should be reduced five or six species. Baker, in Gard. Chron. 1878, defines twenty-seven species. They are distributed all round the temperate zone of the northern hemisphere.

1. ***Aquilegia chrysantha***, A. Gray, in Gard. Chron. 1873, p. 1335.

Aquilegia leptoceras, var. *flava*, A. Gray, Pl. Wright. ii. p. 9.

Aquilegia leptoceras, var. *chrysantha*, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6073.

ROCKY MOUNTAINS to—NORTH MEXICO, banks of rivers, Sonora (*Thurber & Smith*), Mabibi (*Parry*). Hb. Kew.

2. ***Aquilegia skinneri***, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 3919. *A. mexicana* in the description.

GUATEMALA (*Skinner*). There is no specimen bearing either of these names in Hb. Kew.

3. ***Aquilegia***, sp.

SOUTH MEXICO, Mount Tanga, Oaxaca, 8000 feet (*Bourgeau*, 4574). Hb. Paris.