

2. **Talauma macrocarpa**, Zucc. in Abhandl. bayer. Akad. ii. p. 369 ad 478, t. 1 et 2.

SOUTH MEXICO, Cumbre de Obispo (*Schiede*), on the Pacific slope of the mountains, at an altitude of about 1500 feet (ex *Zuccarini*).

This may be the same as *Magnolia dealbata*.

Tribe WINTEREÆ.

3. DRIMYS.

Drimys, Forst. Char. Gen. p. 42; Benth. et Hook. Gen. Plant. i. p. 18.

Evergreen shrubs and trees, six species, whereof one or two are American, ranging from Mexico to Chili, one is a native of Borneo, one of New Zealand, and two of Australia.

1. **Drimys granatensis**, H. B. K., var. **sylvatica**, St.-Hil. Pl. Us. Bras. t. 27.

SOUTH MEXICO, Sierra Colorada near San Andres, and Cuesta Grande de Jalacingo (*Schiede & Deppe*).—COLOMBIA to BRAZIL. Hb. Kew.

2. **Drimys mexicana**, Moçino et Sessé, DC. Syst. i. p. 444; Calques des Dess. Fl. Mex. 5.

SOUTH MEXICO, Laguna de Tanetze (*Hartweg*). Hb. Kew.

Probably not specifically different from *D. granatensis*, which has a very wide distribution in South America.

Order IV. ANONACEÆ.

Anonaceæ, Benth. et Hook. Gen. Plant. i. p. 20.

Trees or shrubs, often climbing, comprising about fifty genera and 450 species, nearly all within the tropics of Asia, Africa, and America, a few occurring in North America, and Subtropical South America, Africa, and Australia.

Tribe UVARIEÆ.

1. SAPRANTHUS.

Sapranthus, Seem. Journ. Bot. iv. p. 369; Benth. et Hook. Gen. Plant. i. p. 956 (where it is referred to the genus *Porcelia*).

The following is the only species.

1. **Sapranthus nicaraguensis**, Seem. Journ. Bot. iv. p. 369, t. 54.

GUATEMALA (*Friedrichsthal*); NICARAGUA, between Leon and Granada (*Seemann*). Hb. Kew.